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within the scope of the suspension notice or notice of proceedings are tried by express or implied consent of the parties, they shall be treated in all respects as if they had been raised in the pleadings; and such amendments of the pleadings as may be necessary to make them conform to the evidence and to raise such issues shall be allowed at any time.

(c) Supplemental pleadings. The administrative law judge may, upon reasonable notice and such terms as are just, permit service of a supplemental pleading setting forth transactions or events which have occurred since the date of the pleading sought to be supplemented and which are relevant to any of the issues involved.

§1720.260 Prehearing conferences.

- (a) Where it will expedite the proceeding, the administrative law judge may direct or allow the parties or their representatives to appear for a conference to consider:
- (1) Simplification and clarification of the issues;
- (2) Necessity or desirability of amendments to the pleadings;
- (3) Stipulations and admissions of fact and the contents and authenticity of documents;
- (4) Expedition in the discovery and presentation of evidence;
- (5) Matters of which official or judicial notice will be taken; and
- (6) Such other matters as may aid in the orderly and expeditious disposition of the proceeding, including disclosure of the names of witnesses and of documents or other exhibits which will be introduced in evidence in the course of the proceeding.

Prior to the conference, the administrative law judge may direct or allow the parties or their representatives to file memoranda specifying the issues of law and fact to be considered.

(b) If the circumstances are such that a conference is impracticable, the administrative law judge may require the parties to correspond for the purpose of accomplishing any of the objectives set forth in this section.

§ 1720.265 Reporting—prehearing conferences.

Prehearing conferences shall be stenographically or mechanically reported; and the administrative law judge shall prepare and file for the record a written summary of the action taken at the conference, which shall incorporate any written agreements or stipulations made by the parties at the conference or as a result of the conference.

MOTIONS

§ 1720.305 Motions—filing requirements.

During the time a proceeding is before an administrative law judge, all motions therein shall be in writing; and, except as otherwise provided in this part, a copy of each motion shall be served on the other party or parties. Such motions shall be signed, addressed to, filed with and ruled upon by the administrative law judge. The provisions of this section need not apply to motions made during the course of a hearing.

§ 1720.310 Answers to motions.

Within 7 days after service of any written motion, an opposing party shall answer or shall be deemed to consent to the granting of the relief asked for in the motion. The moving party shall have no right to reply except as permitted by the administrative law judge or the appeals officer.

§ 1720.315 Motion for more definite statement.

When a respondent is unable to respond to the allegations in a suspension notice, a notice of proceedings, or a suspension order, because such allegations are vague, unclear or otherwise indefinite, motion may be made requesting a more definite statement of the allegations before filing an answer. Such motion shall indicate specifically in what manner the notice or order is indefinite or defective and shall be mailed or submitted to the Docket Clerk for Administrative Proceedings, Room 10278, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410, within five days after service of the notice or order.